# Energy Security and Gas Supply in SE Europe: what after South Stream? (& how to bring together EU perceptions on investment regulation with project financing rules)

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## Different visions on "International Energy Security" concept

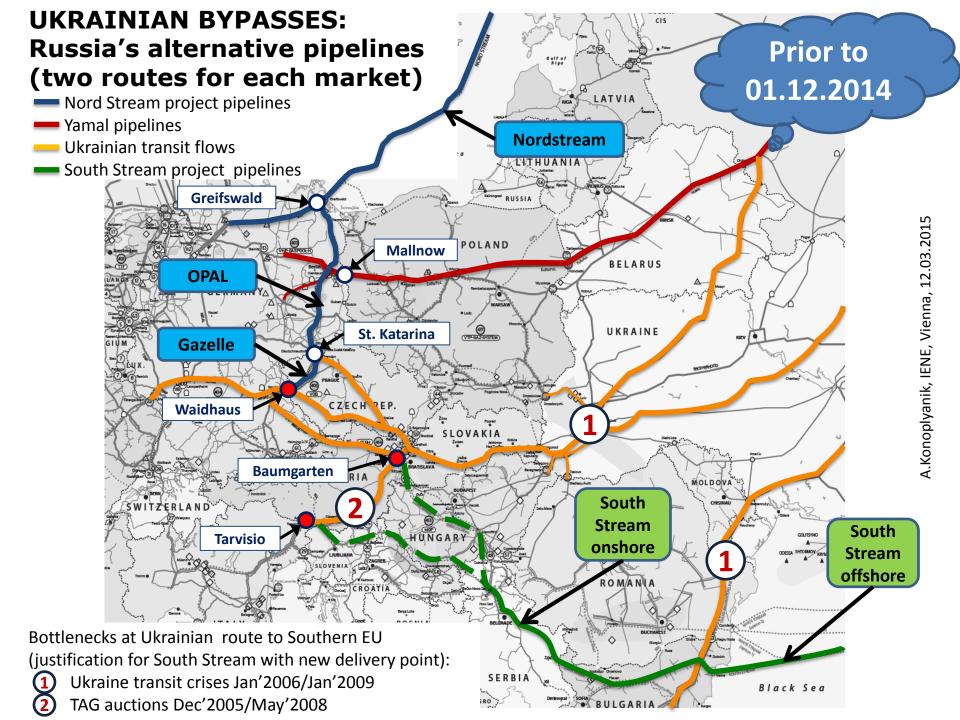
- W.Churchill (1911): **IES** = **diversification** ("Safety and certainty in oil, lie in variety and variety alone").
- G-8 Summit (SPB, 2006): IES = SOS + SODEM + SODEL
- (In most of?) import-dependent EU (even post-2006) IES =:
  - a) either SOS only (i.e. J.Fischer, G.Oettinger, J.M.Barroso: SODEL is NOT part of IES) esp. in debates on South Stream,
  - b) or diversity of counterparties within each route from each producer (i.e. B.Devlin, EPC, 03.03.2015)
  - wrong economic perceptions ignoring either (a) interdependence within "Broader Energy Europe" united by fixed (immobile) capitalintensive energy infrastructure, or (b) sovereign right of sovereign producer/export state to define its institutional market structure
- Russia follows broader Churchill's/G-8's 2006 SPB Summit IES concept on "multiple pipelines" (SODEL) as integral part of IES:
  - => diversification of transportation routes (to diminish or escape where possible, transit risks) as a mean to improve IES, incl. SOS both for importer & exporter

#### Ukraine: "transit interruption probability" index (2009–2014)

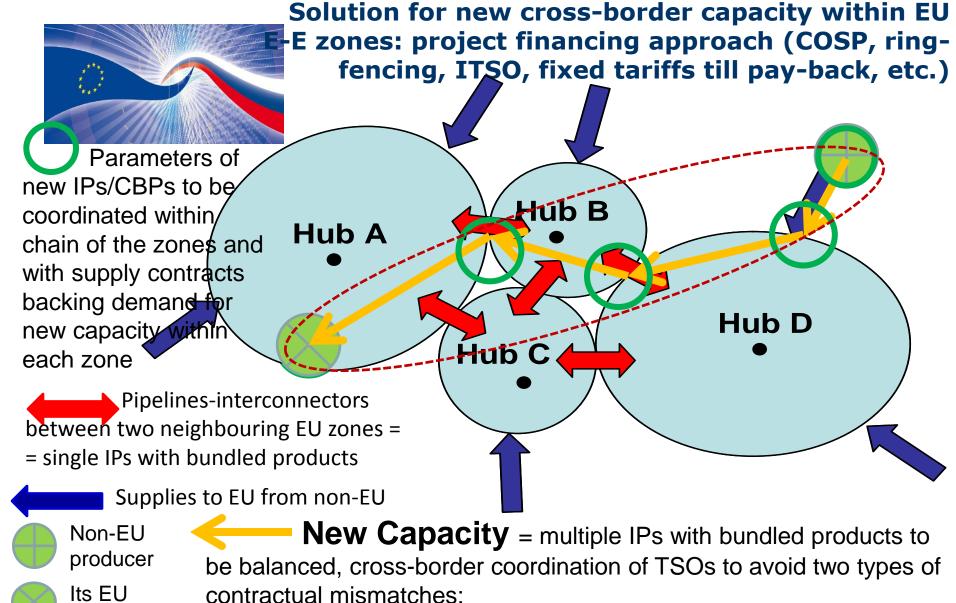


The very fact that two states cannot solve issues between them bilaterally and (at least one of them) need third party (as mediator/conciliator/arbiter) for searching temporary compromises, means a systematic mistrust => one can't leave under constant stress (uncertainty) => permanent transit risk for supplier since it is his responsibility to provide timely delivery of contracted volumes to delivery points deep inside the EU non-dependent issues with third parties => sovereign right of resource owner to evaluate such risk

A.Konoplyanik, IENE, Vienna, 12.03.2015







customer

ITSO

(1) at each IP: between term supply & transportation contract, and

(2) at all IPs on the route from zone to zone: between bundled products at each IP

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#### Some key EU wrong perceptions on new capacity

Wrong perception	Why it is wrong
No significant new capacity	(1) Infrastructure density in CEE much lower than in NWE (40Y+
is needed in EU since	time-gap). (2) (i) New transportation routes to EU from new
average utilization rate of	suppliers in South-East (Azeri, etc.), & (ii) by-passes to diminish
existing capacity in EU appr.	transit risk of external (Rus) supplies to EU, form new entry
70%	points to EU in SEE & require new transportation routes inside

Risk of stable Russian gas

Key words for EU - "Russian gas' (its origin, but perceived risk),

supplies to EU via Ukraine –

to deviate from Russian gas

Key words for EU - "Russian gas' (its origin, but perceived risk),

while major real risk for EU – "transit via Ukraine" in result of

Russia-UA disputes on supply contract to UA => major attention

to new sources not to transportation risks

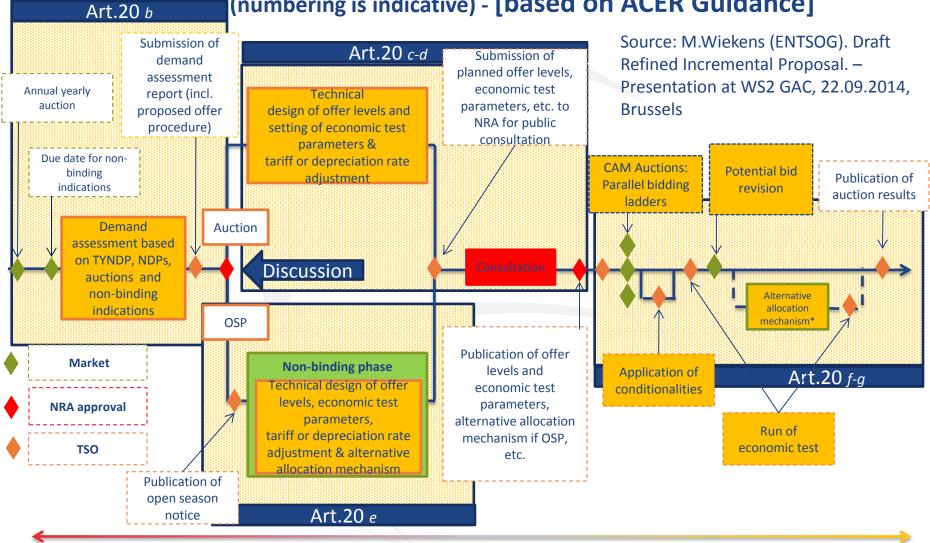
Auction as universal default procedure for capacity allocation — for creation of consolidated CAM for infrastructure development. CAM NC for existing capacity first to save time & report quick results in TEP implementation. Auction as MTPA for existing deficit

TEP implementation. Auction as MTPA for existing deficit capacity but OSP as MTPA for non-existing new capacity

As if OSP with auction as default procedure is (segmented cross-border project, no single operator, floating tariffs, no booking guarantees, WTP as auction not NPV, cost socialization, etc.)

Auction as MTPA for existing deficit capacity support the capacity of the capacity support of the capacity support of the capacity support of the capacity of the capacity support of the capacity of the cap

### **ENTSOG:** Refining the order of articles to reflect process (numbering is indicative) - [based on ACER Guidance]



Ongoing co-ordination among TSOs and NRAs involved along the process



<sup>\*</sup> An alternative allocation mechanism can only be applied in Open Season Procedures and if the default allocation mechanism prevents a positive economic test

ENTSOG: "Proposed streamlining of INC process" - & proposal for Based on: M.Wiekens (ENTSOG). improvement within given text structure Draft Refined Incremental Art.20 b Proposal. - Presentation at WS2 Submission of GAC, 22.09.2014, Brussels Art.20 *c-d* Submission of demand Art.20a(3) = formal criteria planned offer levels, assessment economic test Annual yearly report (incl. **Technical** for cross-border OSP - to auction parameters, etc. to proposed offer design of offer levels and NRA for public distinguish it from auction procedure) setting of economic test consultation parameters & Due date for nontariff or depreciation rate **CAM Auctions:** Potential bid binding adjustment Publication of Parallel bidding indications revision auction results ladders Demand Auction assessment based on TYNDP, NDPs, Discussion auctions and non-binding **Alternative** indications mechanism\* **OSP** Market Publication of offer Non-binding phase levels and Application of Art.20 f-g Technical design of offer economic test conditionalities **NRA** approval vels, economic test parameters, parameters, alternative allocation Run of Major fault of ACER /

Ongoing co-ordination among TSOs and NRAs involved along the process

mechanism if OSP,

etc.

\* An alternative allocation mechanism can only be applied in Open Season Procedures and if the default allocation mechanism prevents a positive economic test A.Konopiyanik, IENE, Vienna, 12.03.2015

Publication of

open season

notice

tariff or depreciation rate

adjustment & alternative

allocation mechanism

Art.20 e

**TSO** 

To delink

OSP &

auction

**Key ACER misconception for cross**border new capacity inserted in ACER **Guidance for ENTSOG INC Proposal** 

**ENTSOG OSP procedure** 

To add Art.20(h) = OSP for cross-border new

capacity (separated from auction procedure)

economic test

#### Turkish Stream prolongation within EU: major risks

- Preferred option for EU is that Russia/Gazprom continue gas transit via Ukraine post-2019 enabling:
  - continued financing of Ukraine by Russia by paying transit tariffs (despite continued transit risks in unfriendly state),
  - financing/guaranteeing pay-back of UA-EU-USA GTS consortium acc.to UA Law 4116a (RUS participation in consortium forbidden by UA law, but transit of RUS gas is the ONLY way to make consortium financeable)
- Two indirect ways to implement this strategy:
  - (1) (i) slow down/prolong Amended CAM NC (Am.Reg.984) implementation till post-2019, plus (ii) "no go" with full utilization by Gazprom of OPAL capacity => Russia / Gazprom will have no immediate choice then to shift transit from Ukraine to another route at 2019,
  - (2) continue with Amended CAM NC (Reg.984) in its version non-financeable for cross-border new capacity (like former South & current Turkish Stream) w/o Art.20(h)

## Proposal: Pilot test for CAM Incremental (Amend. Reg. 984/2013) for SEE "Vertical Gas Corridor"

- "Turkish Stream" to be further prolonged within the EU towards Central Europe (hopefully before 2019):
  - non-dependent delivery points (existing vs new)
  - based on 3<sup>rd</sup> Energy Package rules (Art.13.2: TSO shall invest)
  - TSOs to effectively combine existing & new capacity
  - (i) TYNDP/PCI vs. (ii) OSP for New Cap. acc.to Am.Reg.984/2013
- 09.02.2015, Sofia: "Vertical Gas Corridor" for SEE (03.2015)
- Pilot test for financeability of EU investment rules: first implementation of Amended Reg.984/2013 (i) without (existing draft) & (ii) with (our proposal) Art.20(h):
  - ACER "public consultations" ended 04.03.2015 => no result yet
     => then Commission to decide => time allows yet... (window of opportunities to improve procedure to become financeable)
  - Based on pilot test results, to adapt Amended Reg.984/2013 before its final approval by EU
  - => EU (ACER/CEC/MSs => incl.SEE MSs) topdecide view 11,12.03.201511

## Thank you for your attention!

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