

EU-RF Gas Advisory Council Update on progress of the Internal Market Work Stream

• 4th meeting of EU-Russia Gas Advisory Council Brussels, 20 July 2012

The Internal Market Work Stream is a good forum to gain mutual understanding

- Participants from different parts of the gas sector, regulators, government
- 2 meetings of the IMWS since last GAC:
 - 26 April in Vienna
 - 26-27 June in Moscow
- Key topics discussed:
 - Implementation of the Third Package (new rules concerning entry-exit regimes)
 - Mechanisms for new capacity (coordinated opens seasons/incremental capacity)
 - Interoperability
 - Pricing of natural gas and long-term contracts
 - Situation on the Russian domestic gas market
 - Glossary of terms to facilitate mutual understanding

Visit of Consultations/IMWS participants to the Central Dispatch Center of Gazprom, 26.06.2012



The implementation of the Third Energy Package provides a level playing field

- Effectively unbundled and coordinated TSOs focus on optimizing the movement of gas between different points in the network, incl. optimization of contractual & physical flows/routes (diminishing unnecessary new construction)
- The introduction of entry-exit systems is the basis for the flexible movement of gas within the internal market while accommodating long-term and long-distance deliveries (through a chain of cross-border interconnection points)
- The entry-exit system allows both the delivery of gas to customers and trading at the hub market players to decide how far downstream they go
- EU work is now focusing on harmonization of market rules via guidelines/codes addressing
 - Contractual congestion (CMP Guidelines)
 - Efficient capacity allocation (CAM Network Code)
 - Market-based balancing (Balancing Network Code)
 - Tariffs to promote cross-border trade (Tariffs Network Code)
 - Technical rules (Interoperability Network Code)

Key issue for further discussion remains system for new capacity

- Russian side presented concept of "coordinated open seasons" setting out a mechanism that would – once firm commitment for new capacity from market is present – assure that (potentially several) TSOs take necessary measures to build capacity
 - This mechanism would enable projects such as South Stream (but also smaller pipelines/capacity expansions) to be built if there is demand
- On the EU side regulators and stakeholders are working on a mechanism to complement the existing Capacity Allocation provisions to new capacity (incremental capacity) on the basis of in particular an economic test – target is a strategy paper by year end
- There is general agreement that a system is needed that can assure the building of new capacity on the basis of certain criteria/level of commitment and that larger projects necessitate intensive coordination between those involved
- Further discussions are needed in the Work Stream to crystallize out key characteristics the work of the group can become an important element to the discussion of incremental capacity

The IMWS will continue work in the autumn – next steps

- Continuation of updates/exchanges on implementation of Third Energy Package with specific focus on effects for Russian companies
- Furter discussion on coordinated open seasons/incremental capacity providing input to process lead by EU Regulators (CEER)
- Deeper analysis of developments on Russian gas market and corresponding repercussions on EU players and EU market